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IN BRIEF

Widaplik – Another Three-Drug Combination for Hypertension

The FDA has approved *Widaplik* (Azurity), a fixed-dose combination of the angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) telmisartan, the dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker amlodipine, and the thiazide-like diuretic indapamide, for treatment of hypertension in adults. Telmisartan, amlodipine, and indapamide are also available alone and in various combinations for treatment of hypertension. Two three-drug combinations containing an ARB, amlodipine, and the thiazide diuretic hydrochlorothiazide (*Exforge HCT* and *Tribenzor*) have been available for years (see Table 1).¹

Pronunciation Key

Widaplik: wid uh' pick

STANDARD TREATMENT – A thiazide or thiazide-like diuretic, an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or ARB, or a long-acting dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker, alone or in two-drug combinations, is generally recommended for initial treatment of hypertension. Most patients require multiple drugs from different classes for blood pressure control.²

CLINICAL STUDIES – FDA approval of *Widaplik* was based on the results of two double-blind trials in patients with hypertension.

In the first trial, 295 patients taking ≤ 1 antihypertensive drug were randomized to receive telmisartan/amlodipine/indapamide (10/1.25/0.625 mg or 20/2.5/1.25 mg) or placebo once daily after a 2-week washout period. The placebo-corrected mean change from baseline in home systolic blood pressure (SBP) at week 4, the primary endpoint, was -7.3 mm Hg with the lower dose and -10.4 mm Hg with the higher dose; the differences between the active drug and placebo were statistically significant.³

In the second trial, 1385 patients taking up to 3 antihypertensive drugs were switched to once-daily telmisartan 20 mg/amlodipine 2.5 mg/indapamide 1.25 mg during a 4-week run-in period. Patients were then randomized to continue the three-drug regimen or switch to a two-drug regimen (telmisartan 20 mg/amlodipine 2.5 mg, telmisartan 20 mg/indapamide 1.25 mg, or amlodipine 2.5 mg/indapamide 1.25 mg). At week 6, the doses of each component in all

Table 1. ARB/Calcium Channel Blocker/Diuretic Combinations

Drug	Formulations ¹	Cost ²
Valsartan/amlodipine/ HCTZ – generic <i>Exforge HCT</i> (Novartis)	160/5/12.5, 160/5/25, 160/10/12.5, 160/10/25, 320/10/25 mg tabs	\$223.30 333.70
Olmesartan/amlodipine/ HCTZ – generic <i>Tribenzor</i> (Daiichi Sankyo)	20/5/12.5, 40/5/12.5, 40/5/25, 40/10/12.5, 40/10/25 mg tabs	64.30 439.80
Telmisartan/amlodipine/ indapamide – <i>Widaplik</i> (Azurity)	10/1.25/0.625, 20/2.5/1.25, 40/5/2.5 mg tabs	200.00

HCTZ = hydrochlorothiazide

1. Taken once daily; dosage should be titrated as needed to a maximum of 320/10/25 mg for *Exforge HCT*, 40/10/25 mg for *Tribenzor*, and 40/5/2.5 mg for *Widaplik*.
2. Approximate WAC for 30 days' treatment with the lowest strength. WAC = wholesaler acquisition cost or manufacturer's published price to wholesalers; WAC represents a published catalogue or list price and may not represent an actual transactional price. Source: AnalySource® Monthly, May 5, 2026. Reprinted with permission by First Databank, Inc. All rights reserved. ©2026. www.fdbhealth.com/policies/drug-pricing-policy.

groups were doubled. The mean change from baseline in home SBP at week 12 was significantly greater with the three-drug combination than with the two-drug combinations (-4.0 mm Hg vs +1.4 mm Hg with telmisartan/amlodipine, -1.5 mm Hg with telmisartan/indapamide, and +0.5 mm Hg with amlodipine/indapamide).⁴

In a double-blind trial, 1670 patients with a history of intracerebral hemorrhage and a systolic blood pressure of 130 to 160 mm Hg were treated with a once-daily pill containing telmisartan 20 mg, amlodipine 2.5 mg, and indapamide 1.25 mg in addition to standard care (including other antihypertensive drugs). After 2 weeks, patients were randomized to continue the three-drug combination or switch to placebo. At a median follow-up of 2.5 years, the rate of first recurrent stroke, the primary endpoint, was significantly lower with the three-drug combination (4.6% vs 7.4% with placebo). The three-drug combination also reduced mean systolic blood pressure (127 mm Hg vs 138 mm Hg) and the rate of major cardiovascular events (6.6% vs 9.8%).⁵

ADVERSE EFFECTS – The most common adverse effect of *Widaplik* in clinical trials was symptomatic hypotension. Hypokalemia, hyponatremia, hypomagnesemia, and hyperuricemia can occur. Serum electrolytes and glucose concentrations should be monitored periodically during treatment. Sulfonamide derivatives such as indapamide can cause acute angle-closure glaucoma and elevations in intraocular pressure; *Widaplik* should be discontinued in patients who experience decreased visual acuity or ocular pain.

Widaplik is contraindicated for use in patients with known hypersensitivity to sulfonamide derivatives and in those with diabetes who are also taking the direct renin inhibitor aliskiren (*Tekturna*, and others).

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION – The starting dosage of *Widaplik* is 10/1.25/0.625 mg or 20/2.5/1.25 mg once daily. The dosage can be increased after 2 weeks to a maximum of 40/5/2.5 mg once daily. Some expert clinicians use maximum doses of each individual component (80/10/5 mg) for treatment-resistant hypertension. The tablets should be swallowed whole; they should not be crushed, chewed, or split.

CONCLUSION – In clinical trials, *Widaplik*, a three-drug combination of the angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) telmisartan, the dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker amlodipine, and the thiazide-like diuretic indapamide, was more effective than combinations containing two of its components at the same dosages. *Widaplik* offers a convenient alternative to taking the three components separately. Whether it offers any advantage over *Exforge HCT* or *Tribenzor*, which contain an ARB, a calcium channel blocker, and hydrochlorothiazide and are available generically, remains to be established. ■

1. Drugs for hypertension. *Med Lett Drugs Ther* 2024; 66:81.
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3. A Rodgers et al. Efficacy and safety of a novel low-dose triple single-pill combination compared with placebo for initial treatment of hypertension. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2024; 84:2393.
4. A Rodgers et al. Efficacy and safety of a novel low-dose triple single-pill combination of telmisartan, amlodipine and indapamide, compared with dual combinations for treatment of hypertension: a randomised, double-blind, active-controlled, international clinical trial. *Lancet* 2024; 404:1536.
5. The Trident Research Group. Three low-dose antihypertensive agents in a single pill after intracerebral hemorrhage. *N Engl J Med* 2026; 394:1571.

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